In addition to the above, about 0.015 MMCMD of gas is also being supplied to Brick Kilns and other small consumers .

Further development and utilisation of gas in the Tripura field is dependent on the availabiliy of resources in the VIII Plan for investment in both upstream and downstream facilities.

Multi drug therapy in Orissa

697. SHRI KAHNU CHARAN LENKA: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY i WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) the number of districts covered by rMulti Drug Therapy (M.D'.T.) in Orissa ior eradication of leprosy;

(b) whether it is a fact that the pre-valance rate of leprosy has been reduced[1] after introduction of M.D.T.;

(c) if so, whatr details thereof;

(d-;» whether Government of India have a proposal for the introduction of M.D.T. in all the Districts of Orissa;, and

(e(i if so, by when it will be implemented?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI RASHEED MASOOD): (a) Nine (9).

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) Leprosy prevalence rate has come down appreciably in the following districts;

	Districts	% of reduction in pre-valence
1.	Ganjam .	89.3
2.	Puri	73.3
3.	Kuttack .	74.8
4.	Mayurbhanj	38.0
:5.	Dhenkanal	49.2
6.	Balasore .	30.3

A large number of cases (143043} have been discharged from treatment after cure.

(d) Yes, Sir.

(e) By 1992-93.

Creation of new industrial complexes and growth centres

698. SHRl KAHNU CHARAN LENKA;
SHRl SHIV PRATAP MISHRA:

Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have proposals to create new industrial complexes and growth centres during the current year;

(b) if so, what is the number of growth centres and the names of the places where those are proposed to be set up; and

(c) what is the rate at which subsidy would be available to the entrepreneurs who will have their industries in such growth centres?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY (SHRI AJIT SINGH), (a) and (b) The Government have announced a scheme to set up growth centres in various parts of the country. So far, locations of 50 growth centres have been identified and announced, a list of which is attached. (See b*k>w)

(c) The selected growth centres will be entitled to all incentives available from time to time for centrally declared 'category B' backward areas.

Growth **Statement**
Centres selected 1

Name of the Gro wth Centre	District
'" 1	2
Andhra I'rwUsh (i) .	Vizianagaram
1 Vizianagaram— Bobbil i	
:'.- Ongole	Prakasam
3. Khammam (Vemsoor Mandal) .	Khammam
4. Hindpur •	Anantapur '
Bihm (!>)	
1. lasoria	• Auranga^ac
2. Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur
3. Purpea Kasba .	. Purnea
4. Muzzafarpur .	Muzzafarpur
5. Hazeribagh .	Hazaribagh
Goa fl)	
1. Electronic City	Verna Plateau
Gujaral (3)	
1. P^ianpur •	Banaskantha
?. "Vagra	Bharucb.
}. Gandhilham ■	*Kutch*
Himachal Pradesh (I)	
1. Shimla •	Shimla
Jammu and Kashmir (2)	
). flambrn	Jammu
1. Gandsrbal	Srinagar
Karnataka (3)	
1 Dharwad	Dharwad
2. Hassan .	Hassan
3 Gillesugar	Raichur
Kerala (2)	
1 Sheitallai	Alleppy
2. Teljicherry	Cannanore

1	2
Madhya Pradesh (5)	
1. KMSta .	BHf
*2** Gbirongi.	MM
3. Siltara .	Raipur .
4. Chainpura	G*a
5. Bora! .	Durg
Manipur (1)	
J. Kanglatongbi	Senapati
Nagaland (1)	
1, Dimapur .	Kohima
Orissa (3)	
1. Choudwar	Cuttack
2. Chatrapur	Ganjam
3. Chiplimr	Sambalpur
Punjab (2)	
1. Bhatinda .	Bhatinda
2. Pathankot	Gurdaspur
Pondicherry (1)	
1. Karaikai	Pondicherry
Rajasthan (4)	
1. Bhilwara .	Bhilwara
2. Jhalawar .	Jhaiawar
3. Bikaner .	Bikaner
4. Abu Road	Sirohi
Tamil Nadu (3)	
1. Mayiladuthurai Poompuhar	Thanjavur
2. Erode	Periyar
3. Tirunslveli (Gangai Kondan NanUr Block)	Tirunelveli - Kattabommam
Uttar Pradesh (6)	
* 1. Sahianva	Gorakhpur
2. Mungra-Satraria	Jaunpur
3. Banthara •	Shabjahanpur
4. Shivrajpur-Padampur	Fauri Garhwal

1	2
5. Baciiauli—Buzurg	JhansiJ
6. Chaudbarpur	Moradabad
West Bengal (3)	
1. Jalpaiguri	Jalpaiguri
2. Malda	Malda
3. Dubrajpur	Birbbum

Losses doe to damage of reservoirs of Bombay High and Heera of Western Off-shore

699. MISS SAROJ KHAPARDE: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the reservoirs of Bombay High and Heera in the Western Off-shore have been damaged resulting in loss of production of 150 million tons of oil;

(b) whether it is also a fact that the loss in terms of money is to the extent of Rs. 31,500 crores;

(c) whether it is also a fact that the ONGC had warned the management of the Reservoirs ajgainst over-production which resulted in such a damage; and

(d) if so, whether there is any possibility of recovering the loss thus sustained and if not, how Government are going to account for the collossal loss in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS (SHRI M. S. GURUPADASWAMY): (a) to (d) There have been conflicting "reports and differences in technical opinions as to whether any permanent damage has been caused t<j Bombay High reservoirs by following practices which were at variance with generally accepted prac tices . /

Government has appointed a committee to go into all these isues on 26-4-1990 under the Chairmanship of Shri A. B. Das Gupta, an eminent geo-scientist and a retried Chairman of Oil India. The following are the terms of reference of the Committee:—

To review the development and management of the Bombay High Reservoirs (Bombay High South and Bombay High North) and to specifically determine:

(i) whether the levels of withdrawal of crude oil from the reservoirs have been in line with the levels recommended by the developmental schemes prepared from time ot time.

(ii> whether the deviation^ if any, in the levels of production were justified according to the accepted industry practices having due regard to the Point of view of production and reservoir health;

(iii) whetlier alternative pressure maintenance schemes were examined and evaluated by ONGC over a period of time and, if so, the results thereof;

(iv) whether there have been periods of over exploitation bavijng regard to the delays in setting up of the facilities and in implementation of pressure maintance schemes',

(v) whether the above factors have been responsible for the incidence of high gas-oil ratio high water-cut and, losses in the production of exploitable reserves;